



SHORT-TERM INDICATORS OF ENERGY STATISTICS, JUNE 2026, FIRST RESULTS

In June 2026, electricity available for the inland market amounted to **1 567 GWh**. The availability of electricity for domestic consumption increased by **9.5%** compared to May 2026 and decreased by **0.6%** compared to June 2025.

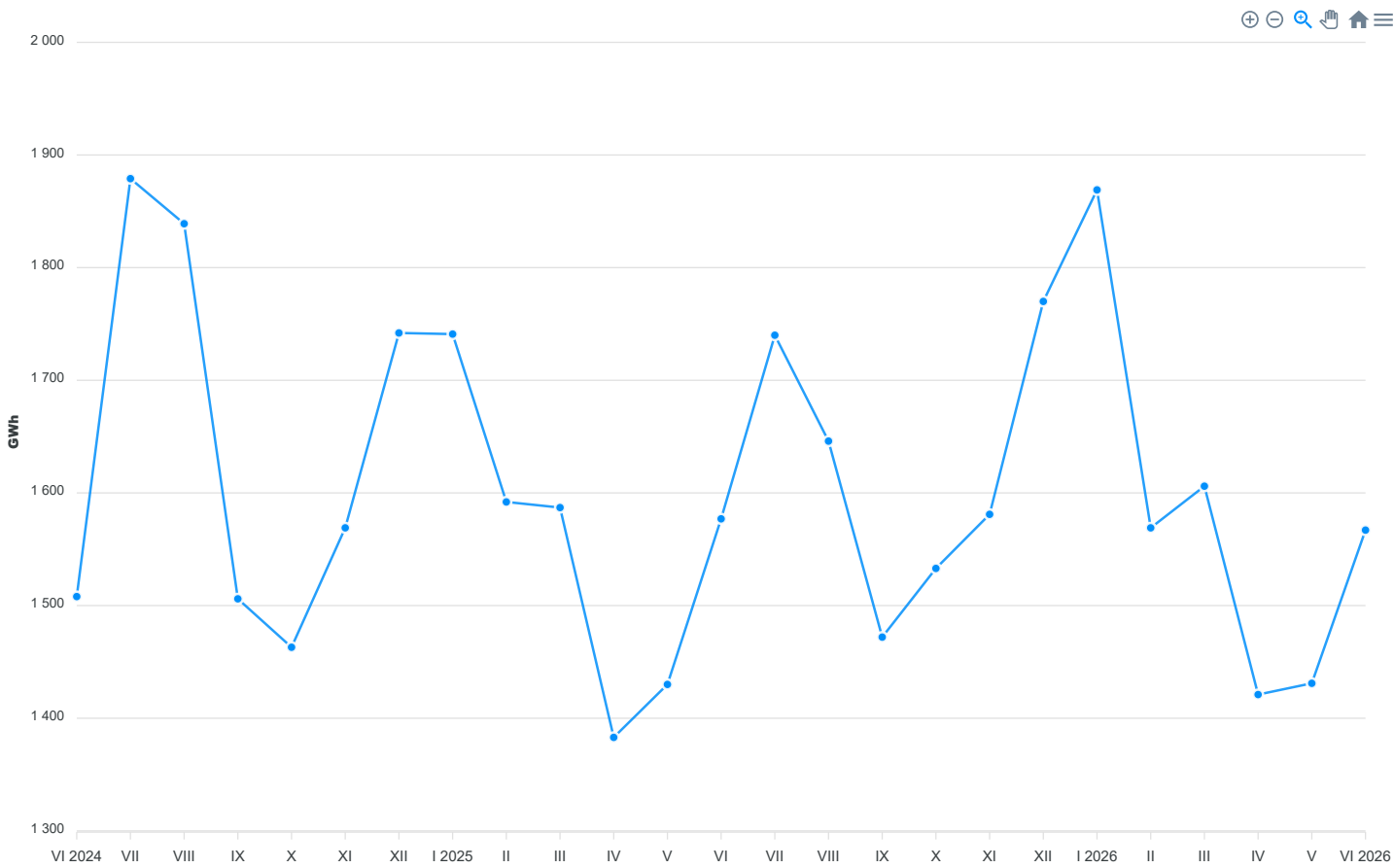
The amount of natural gas available for consumption in June 2026 was **3 228 TJ**, while the stocks increased by 3 463 TJ. The amount of natural gas available for domestic consumption in June 2026 decreased by 34.0% compared to May 2026 and by 13.0% compared to June 2025.

The amount of petroleum products available for consumption in June 2026 was **378 thousand tonnes**, while the stocks decreased by 5 000 tonnes. The amount of petroleum products available for domestic consumption in June 2026 increased by 14.5% compared to May 2026 and by **5.0%** compared to June 2025.

The amount of electricity available for consumption also includes losses in the electricity network.

As for other energy products, the quantity available for the inland market also contains the quantities of energy products that may end up in warehouses, either in those of final consumers or in retail trade.

G-1 ELECTRICITY AVAILABLE FOR INLAND MARKET, JUNE 2024 – JUNE 2026



1 ELECTRICITY

GWh

Supply	Electricity							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Total gross production	1 476	1 223	991	915	1 268	1 012	909	894
Hydro power plants	741	540	519	371	565	402	332	345
Thermal power plants and CHP on fossil fuels	234	217	45	79	218	79	22	126
Thermal power plants and CHP on renewable fuels	86	77	79	76	80	76	78	74
Wind power plants	343	293	226	213	290	301	275	153
Solar power plants	73	96	122	176	115	154	201	195
Geothermal power plants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total net production	1 451	1 209	981	905	1 255	1 003	902	881
Hydro power plants	739	537	516	370	563	400	330	344
Thermal power plants and CHP on fossil fuels	225	209	41	74	212	76	21	119
Thermal power plants and CHP on renewable fuels	81	75	77	73	76	72	75	71
Wind power plants	333	292	225	212	289	300	274	152
Solar power plants	73	96	122	176	115	154	201	195
Geothermal power plants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Import	950	936	1 210	1 267	1 090	1 136	1 174	1 262
Export	783	715	721	578	701	679	609	547
Energy absorbed by storage pumping	31	47	41	17	38	39	36	29
Available for inland market	1 587	1 383	1 430	1 577	1 606	1 421	1 431	1 567

2 NATURAL GAS

Supply	Unit of measure	Natural gas							
		2025				2026			
		III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	mIn m ³	59	57	60	61	62	58	60	51
	TJ (GCV)	2 340	2 266	2 388	2 394	2 474	2 331	2 398	2 040
Import	mIn m ³	190	170	273	190	262	183	277	269
	TJ (GCV)	7 435	6 994	10 875	7 409	10 332	7 298	11 129	10 668
Export	mIn m ³	64	46	59	108	76	88	161	152
	TJ (GCV)	2 500	1 831	2 317	4 143	2 940	3 525	6 387	6 017
Variation of stocks	mIn m ³	-64	-27	154	61	25	-37	56	86
	TJ (GCV)	-2 620	-1 103	6 308	1 950	979	-1 467	2 247	3 463
Available for inland market	mIn m ³	249	209	120	83	223	190	121	82
	TJ (GCV)	9 895	8 531	4 638	3 711	8 888	7 572	4 893	3 228

3 HYDROCARBONS

3.1 CRUDE OIL

'000 tonnes

Supply	Crude oil							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	39	38	39	38	38	38	39	37
Import	179	220	214	301	279	198	271	242
Export	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation of stocks	-21	9	9	113	201	-37	5	-17
Refinery input	239	249	244	226	116	273	305	296

3.2 PETROLEUM PRODUCTS - TOTAL

'000 tonnes

Supply	Petroleum products							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	276	290	316	299	138	310	365	334
Import	217	225	252	236	346	216	199	280
Export	197	193	192	192	159	229	237	241
Variation of stocks	28	51	6	-17	26	6	-3	-5
Available for inland market	268	271	370	360	299	291	330	378

3.2.1 MOTOR GASOLINE

'000 tonnes

Supply	Motor gasoline							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	74	79	81	79	32	77	84	81
Import	15	20	15	24	15	11	14	22
Export	45	55	44	35	23	36	52	40
Variation of stocks	14	1	-9	11	-19	6	-6	2
Available for inland market	30	43	61	57	43	46	52	61

3.2.2 GAS/DIESEL OIL

'000 tonnes

Supply	Gas/diesel oil							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	115	127	115	110	47	109	141	116
Import	165	144	215	183	295	182	165	228
Export	82	90	91	105	104	112	93	104
Variation of stocks	18	16	16	-26	31	-2	10	14
Available for inland market	180	165	223	214	207	181	203	226

3.2.3 FUEL OIL

'000 tonnes

Supply	Fuel oil							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	42	25	39	29	15	35	51	50
Import	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Export	53	27	27	28	2	27	53	57
Variation of stocks	-13	-3	9	1	11	5	-5	-10
Available for inland market	4	2	4	1	2	3	3	3

3.2.4 OTHER PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

'000 tonnes

Supply	Other petroleum products							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	45	59	81	81	44	89	89	87
Import	35	60	21	28	36	23	20	30
Export	17	21	30	24	30	54	39	40
Variation of stocks	9	37	-10	-3	3	-3	-2	-11
Available for inland market	54	61	82	88	47	61	72	88

4 CRUDE FUELS

4.1 HARD COAL

'000 tonnes

Supply	Hard coal							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Import	4	-	4	11	-	9	2	72
Export	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation of stocks	-3	-10	-5	1	-5	3	-4	52
Available for inland market	7	10	9	10	5	6	6	20

4.2 COKE

'000 tonnes

Supply	Coke							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Import	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Export	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation of stocks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available for inland market	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

4.3 BROWN COAL

'000 tonnes

Supply	Brown coal							
	2025				2026			
	III	IV	V	VI	III	IV	V	VI
Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Import	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Export	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation of stocks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available for inland market	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTES ON METHODOLOGY

The data are based on several statistical surveys, as follows: the Monthly Survey on Industrial Production and Persons Employed (IND-1/KPS/M form), the Monthly Survey on Oil Refineries (ERG-1/N form), the Monthly Survey on Import, Export and Stocks of Petroleum and Petroleum Products (ERG-2/N form), the Monthly Survey on Import, Export, Stocks and Deliveries of Natural Gas (ERG-1/P form), the Monthly Survey on Import, Export, Stocks, Deliveries and Consumption of Coal and Coke (ERG-1/U form), and the Monthly Survey on Power Plants (ERG-1/EL form), as well as on the data on foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Croatia and administrative data sources (part of the data on net electricity production was taken from HERA).

The monthly data are used for monitoring the changes in energy products according to the mentioned characteristics. Their sum for 12 months does not represent the annual balance data, due to the fast output of monthly data or the fact that some deliveries are cancelled, which may lead to slight deviations from the monthly data. Therefore, the following sources of annual data are recommended: the annual Statistical Report entitled "Energy Statistics" published by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics and the annual energy review entitled "Energy in Croatia" published by the Ministry of Economy.

Gross electricity production is the sum of the total electrical energy production by all the generating sets concerned (hydro power plants, thermal power plants and CHP on fossil fuels, thermal power plants and CHP on renewable fuels, wind power plants and solar power plants).

Net electricity production is the electrical energy supplied from a power station to a power-supply grid, and it represents the difference between the electrical energy produced in a generator and own supply.

Geothermal power plants produce energy available as heat emitted from within the Earth's crust, usually in the form of hot water or steam, excluding the surrounding heat collected by the heat pumps from the ground. This energy production is the difference between the enthalpy of the fluid produced in the production borehole and that of the fluid eventually disposed of.

Energy available for consumption is the quantity of energy products available for final consumption on the inland market, including losses and stocks at final consumers and in retail trade.

Crude oil is a mineral oil of natural origin that includes a mixture of hydrocarbons and associated impurities, such as sulphur. It exists in the liquid phase under normal surface temperature and pressure and its physical characteristics (density, viscosity, etc.) are highly variable. This category includes field or lease condensates recovered from associated and non-associated gases where they are commingled with the commercial crude oil stream.

Natural gas is comprised of gases, occurring naturally in underground deposits, whether liquefied or gaseous, consisting mainly of methane. It includes both "non-associated" gas originating from fields producing hydrocarbons only in gaseous form, and "associated" gas produced in association with crude oil, as well as methane recovered from coal mines (colliery gas). Manufactured gas (produced from municipal or industrial waste or sewage) is also included, while vented or flared quantities of natural gas are excluded.

Petroleum products are all products produced in petroleum refineries: refinery gas, liquefied petroleum gas, motor gasoline, kerosene, jet fuel, diesel oil, light fuel oil, fuel oil, naphtha, white spirit, lubricating oils, bitumen, paraffin waxes, petroleum coke and other refinery products.

Other petroleum products encompass liquefied petroleum gas in NGL plants.

Import includes the quantities of energy products that crossed the state border of the Republic of Croatia, regardless of whether or not they were cleared through the customs. The quantities of petroleum and petroleum products and liquid gas that are under contracts on production realised abroad are also to be presented in this table as import. Energy products in transit through the Republic of Croatia are not presented in this survey form either as import or as export.

Export includes the quantities that crossed the state border of the Republic of Croatia, regardless of whether or not they were cleared through the customs and whether or not they are owned by a Croatian resident.

For import and export of electricity, Eurostat's definition is used, which includes transit: amounts of electricity are considered imported or exported when they have crossed the political boundaries of a country, regardless of whether customs clearance has taken place or not. If electricity transits through a country, the amount should be reported as both import and export.

Variation of stocks includes stock changes at the beginning and at the end of a month in enterprises engaged in the production, transformation, import and export of energy. The difference is calculated by subtracting the state of stocks at the beginning of the first working day in a month from the state of stocks at the end of the last day in the same month.

Minor deviations may occur in the summary presentation of data due to the rounding of figures.

Abbreviations

CHP	combined heat and power generation
Eurostat	Statistical Office of the European Union
GCV	gross calorific value
GWh	gigawatt hour
HERA	Croatian Energy Regulatory Agency
m ³	cubic metre
mln	million
NGL	natural gas liquids
TJ	terajoule
'000	thousand

Symbols

-	no occurrence
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